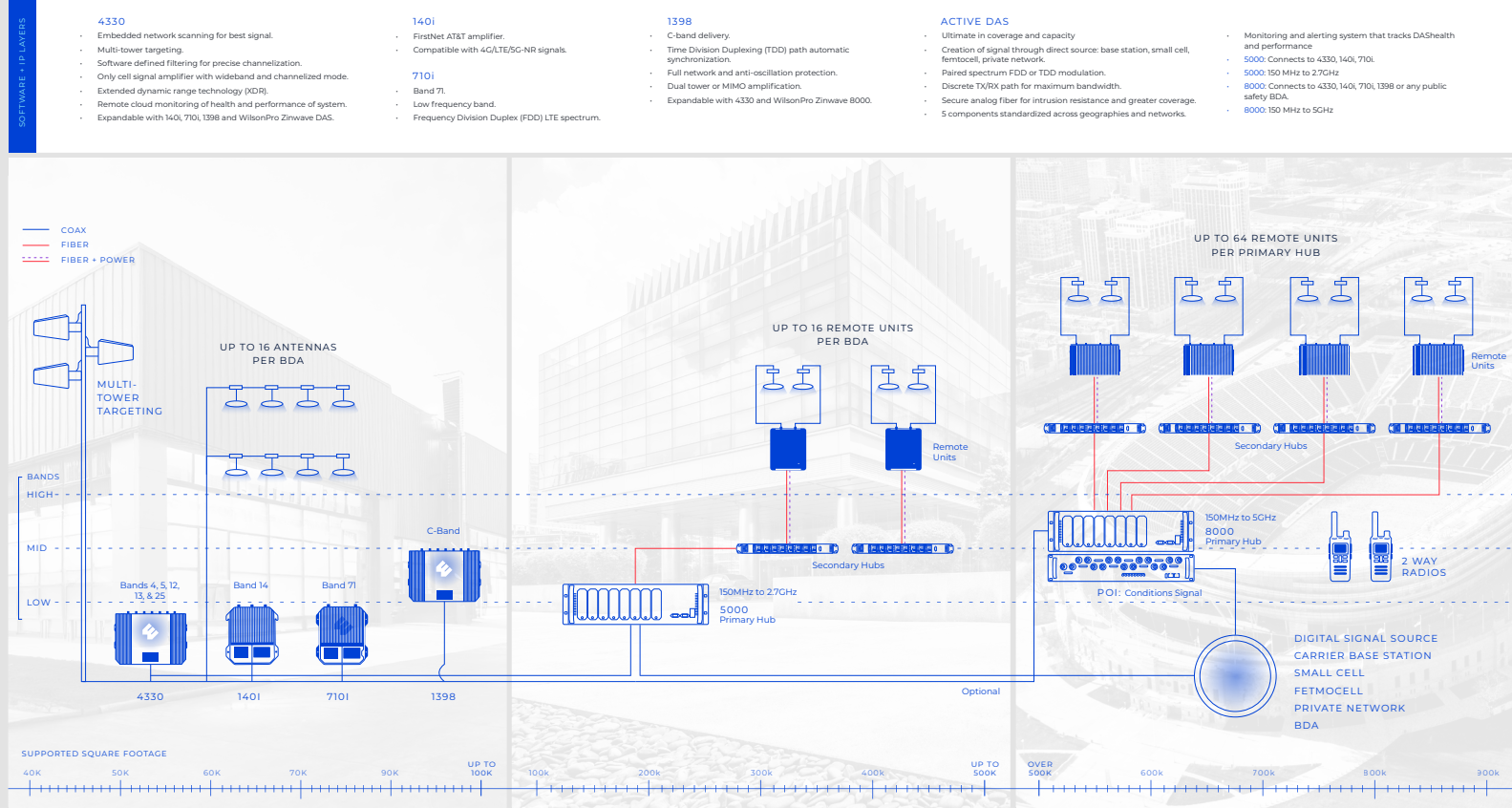


Wilson Connectivity Connected Architecture

How does it work?

CONNECTED ARCHITECTURE: A modular scalable foundation that makes it easier to be ready for future bands and technologies.



SOFTWARE + IP LAYERS

- 4330**
 - Embedded network scanning for best signal.
 - Multi-tower targeting.
 - Software defined filtering for precise channelization.
 - Only cell signal amplifier with wideband and channelized mode.
 - Extended dynamic range technology (XDR).
 - Remote cloud monitoring of health and performance of system.
 - Expandable with 140I, 710I, 1398 and WilsonPro Zinwave DAS.
- 140I**
 - FirstNet AT&T amplifier.
 - Compatible with 4G/LTE/5G-NR signals.
- 710I**
 - Band 71.
 - Low frequency band.
 - Frequency Division Duplex (FDD) LTE spectrum.
- 1398**
 - C-band delivery.
 - Time Division Duplexing (TDD) path automatic synchronization.
 - Full network and anti-oscillation protection.
 - Dual tower or MIMO amplification.
 - Expandable with 4330 and WilsonPro Zinwave 8000.
- ACTIVE DAS**
 - Ultimate in coverage and capacity
 - Creation of signal through direct source: base station, small cell, femtocell, private network.
 - Paired spectrum FDD or TDD modulation.
 - Discrete TX/RX path for maximum bandwidth.
 - Secure analog fiber for intrusion resistance and greater coverage.
 - 5 components standardized across geographies and networks.
- Monitoring and alerting system that tracks DAS health and performance
 - 5000: Connects to 4330, 140I, 710I.
 - 5000: 150 MHz to 2.7GHz
 - 8000: Connects to 4330, 140I, 710I, 1398 or any public safety BDA.
 - 8000: 150 MHz to 5GHz

PASSIVE DAS

- A Passive Distributed Antenna System (DAS) uses outside antennas to bring signals into a bi-directional amplifier (BDA)
- Amplified signals are distributed through coaxial cable and inside antennas
- Can amplify all signals for all carriers, or by channel
- Easily add additional bands, including 14, 71, and C-Band

HYBRID DAS

- Uses outside antennas to bring signals into a primary hub
- Amplified signals are sent through fiber to secondary hubs and up to 16 remote units per BDA
- Amplified signals are distributed through inside antennas
- Radio frequency (RF) over fiber has less signal loss over longer distances and better protection from interception

ACTIVE DAS

- Uses signal from any direct radio frequency (RF) source to feed into a primary hub
- Amplified signals are sent through fiber to secondary hubs and up to 64 remote units per primary hub
- Amplified signals are distributed through inside antennas
- Direct radio frequency (RF) source and RF over fiber enable secure signal distribution at critical scale
- Fewest components and the addition of all usable bands and public safety